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KODAK PROFESSIONAL T400 CN Film (Process C-41)



This film has been discontinued. As a recommended alternative, we suggest KODAK PROFESSSIONAL BW400CN Film.

KODAK PROFESSIONAL T400 CN Film is a 400-speed, multi-purpose, black-and-white film designed for processing in Process C-41 with color negative films. The panchromatic film can be printed on either black-and-white papers or color negative papers.

The film is intended for exposure with daylight, electronic flash, and artificial illumination. You can also obtain pleasing results under other light sources, i.e. illumination in stadiums, without using filters.

You can use filters when exposing this film to vary the tone and contrast. Results are similar to conventional black-and-white films.



This film incorporates KODAK T-GRAIN® Emulsions, providing extremely fine grain and sharpness with relatively high speed.

You can use this film for general, advertising, education, industrial, law enforcement, medical, newspaper, portrait, real estate, scientific, sports, wedding, and other black-and-white photographic applications.

FEATURES	BENEFITS
For processing in KODAK FLEXICOLOR Chemicals, Process C-41	 No need for a dedicated black-and-white processing line
	 Rapid turnaround in any lab that processes color negative film
• EI 400	 Excellent underexposure latitude and shadow detail
Wide exposure latitude	High quality prints from negatives exposed at speeds from EI 25 to 1600 (+4 stops/-2 stops from EI 400)
	 Faithful tone reproduction over an extremely wide range of exposure
 Intermixes with color negative film in Process C-41 	Consistent negatives from virtually any facility running Process C-41
Excellent latent-image keeping properties	Dependable results even if not processed as soon as possible after exposure
 Prints on color negative papers, KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Black & White 	Provides neutral, predictable black-and-white prints on color negative papers with a variety of printing devices
Papers, and traditional black-and-white papers	 Full scale prints on either selective-contrast or graded black-and-white papers

SIZES AVAILABLE

Sizes and CAT numbers may differ from country to country. See your dealer who supplies KODAK PROFESSIONAL Products.

Size	Base	Letter Code	CAT No.
135-36	5-mil acetate	T400 CN	180 4004* 869 4010†
120	3.9-mil acetate		197 5572* 865 5128†

* For worldwide (other than United States and Canada) † For U. S. and Canada

STORAGE AND HANDLING

Load and unload your camera in subdued light.

High temperatures or high humidity may produce unwanted quality changes. Store *unexposed* film at 70°F (21°C) or lower in the original package. Always store film (exposed or unexposed) in a cool, dry place. For best results, process film as soon as possible after exposure.

Protect *processed* film from strong light, and store it in a cool, dry place. For more information on storing negatives, see KODAK Publication No. E-30, *Storage and Care of Photographic Materials*—*Before and After Processing.*

DARKROOM RECOMMENDATIONS

Do *not* use a safelight. Handle unprocessed film in *total darkness*.



This film cannot be processed in conventional black-and-white chemicals. It must be processed in KODAK FLEXICOLOR Chemicals, Process C-41, or compatible chemicals. See "Processing."7

EXPOSURE

Daylight

Use the exposures in the table below for average frontlit subjects from 2 hours after sunrise to 2 hours before sunset.

Lighting Conditions	Shutter Speed (Second)	Lens Opening
Bright or Hazy Sun on Light Sand or Snow	1/500	f/16
Bright or Hazy Sun (Distinct Shadows)	1/500	f/11*
Weak, Hazy Sun (Soft Shadows)	1/500	f/8
Cloudy Bright (No Shadows)	1/500	f/5.6
Heavy Overcast or Open Shade [†]	1/500	f/4

* Use f/5.6 for backlit close-up subjects.

† Subject shaded from the sun but lit by a large area of clear sky.

Existing Light

Subject and Lighting Conditions	Shutter Speed (second)	Lens Opening
Home Interiors at Night —Average Light —Bright Light	1/30 1/30	f/2 f/2.8
Fireworks —Aerial Displays [*] —Displays on Ground	"Bulb" or "Time"† 1/60	f/16 f/4
Interiors with Bright Fluorescent Light	1/60‡	f/4
Brightly Lit Street Scenes at Night	1/60	f/2.8
Neon and Other Lighted Signs	1/125	f/4
Floodlighted Buildings, Fountains, Monuments	1/15*	f/2
Night Football, Soccer, Baseball, Racetracks	1/125	f/2.8
Basketball, Hockey, Bowling	1/125	f/2
Stage Shows —Average Light —Bright Light	1/60 1/250	f/2.8
Circuses and Ice Shows —Floodlighted Acts —Spotlighted Acts	1/125 1/250	f/2.8
School—Stage and Auditorium	1/30	f/2

* Leave shutter open for several bursts.

† Use a tripod or other firm camera support for exposure times longer than 1/30 second.

‡ Use shutter speeds of 1/60 second or longer with fluorescent light.

Electronic Flash

Use the guide number in the following table as a starting point for your equipment. Select the unit output closest to the number given by your flash manufacturer. Then find the guide number for feet or metres.

To determine the lens opening, divide the guide number by the flash-to-subject distance. If negatives are consistently too dense (overexposed), use a higher guide number; if they are too thin (underexposed), use a lower number.

	Guide Number		
Unit Output (BCPS)*	For Distances in Feet	For Distances in Metres	
350	85	26	
500	100	30	
700	120	36	
1000	140	42	
1400	170	50	
2000	200	60	
2800	240	70	
4000	280	85	
5600	340	105	
8000	400	120	

* BCPS = beam candlepower seconds

Exposure Adjustments for Long and Short Exposures

No exposure compensation for reciprocity failure is necessary for exposures between 1/10,000 and 120 seconds. We do not recommend exposures longer than 120 seconds. For critical applications, make tests under your conditions.

Filter Factors

Multiply the normal (unfiltered) exposure time by the filter factor.

	Daylight	Tungsten	
KODAK WRATTEN Gelatin Filter	Multiply Exposure By (Filter Factor)	Multiply Exposure By (Filter Factor)	
No. 8 (yellow)	1.4	1.25	
No. 11 (yellowish green)	3	3	
No. 15 (deep yellow)	2	1.4	
No. 25 (red)	8	3	
No. 47 (blue)	12.5	16	
No. 58 (green)	5.6	4	
Polarizing Filter*	2.5	2.5	

* Average filter factor, which may vary slightly depending on the manufacturer. Polarizing filters are not manufactured by Kodak.

PROCESSING

Process T400 CN Film in KODAK FLEXICOLOR Chemicals for Process C-41. You can have this film processed by any photofinisher who processes color negative films such as KODAK Bright Sun or PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Film. T400 CN Film is fully compatible with Process C-41, and can be intermixed with color negative films during processing in all equipment, from minilabs to high-volume continuous, roller-transport, or rack-and-tank processors.

You can also use KODAK FLEXICOLOR Chemicals in the 1-gallon size to process this film in a small tank or a rotary-tube processor.

For specifications on Process C-41, see KODAK Publication No. Z-131, *Using KODAK FLEXICOLOR Chemicals*.

Important

Do not process this film in conventional black-and-white chemicals.

PUSH PROCESSING

T400 CN Film can be rated at higher than normal exposure indexes for photography in dim light or where fast shutter speeds must be maintained. Push processing in Process C-41 results in acceptable negatives from exposure indexes as high as 3200.

Exposure Index	Approximate Developer Time in Process C-41
400 to 800	3:15
1600	3:45
3200	4:15

Note: Not all processing equipment can be used for push processing, and many photofinishers do not offer this service. Check with your lab or photofinisher before rating this film higher than EI 800.

NEGATIVE APPEARANCE

The appearance is similar to color negative films, but with much lower D-min or base density. The film base of these processed negatives will appear light brown to orange. This is normal, and will not affect the image quality or printing characteristics.

JUDGING NEGATIVE EXPOSURE

You can check the exposure level with a suitable densitometer equipped with a filter such as a KODAK WRATTEN Gelatin Filter No. 92 or the red filter for Status M densitometry. Depending on the subject and the light source used for exposure, a normally exposed and processed color negative measured through the red filter should have the approximate densities listed below.

Area Measured	Density Reading
The <i>KODAK Gray Card</i> (gray side), receiving the same illumination as the subject:	0.75 to 0.95
The lightest step (darkest in negative) of a <i>KODAK Paper Gray Scale</i> receiving the same illumination as the subject:	1.15 to 1.35
The highest diffuse density on a normally lighted forehead: —dark complexion —light complexion	1.05 to 1.35 0.80 to 1.20

Because of the extreme range in skin color, use these red density values for a normally lighted forehead only as a guide. For best results, use a *KODAK Gray Card* (gray side).

RETOUCHING

Treat the negative as if it were a color negative.

You can retouch 120 size of T400 CN Film on both the emulsion and base sides. The 135-size can be retouched on the emulsion side only.

Both retouching dye and black graphite lead pencil can be used to retouch this film. When retouching with a pencil on the emulsion side, use KODAK Retouching Fluid to improve the tooth of the film.

If you plan to use retouched T400 CN Film for printing on color negative paper, follow the "Dye / Filter Layering" Technique.

"Dye / Filter Layering" Technique

To retouch small areas, use *diluted* KODAK Liquid Retouching Colors. For most retouching, you will need only two dyes: red-yellow and cyan. Prepare the diluted dyes according to the following formulas:

Diluted Dye		Water		
	Formula	Dilution 1	Dilution 2	Dilution 3
Red-yellow	5 drops red dye plus 1 drop yellow dye plus distilled water	18 drops distilled water (1:3)	30 drops distilled water (1:5)	60 drops distilled water (1:10)
Cyan	3 drops cyan dye plus distilled water	15 drops distilled water (1:5)	30 drops distilled water (1:10)	60 drops distilled water (1:20)

- 1. Hold a WRATTEN Gelatin Filter No. 58 (green) near your eye, and view the negative through the filter. Evaluate the areas to be retouched; if they appear lighter than the surrounding areas, apply red-yellow dye by using the technique described in step 2.
- 2. Dip the brush into the dye, and stroke the tip on water-dampened cotton, tissue, or paper towel until the tip is almost dry. Smoothly apply a small amount of dye to the **base side** of the negative.* When you retouch along sharp edges in an image or make very fine corrections, apply dye to the **emulsion side**. This allows for more precise alignment of the retouching with the image and avoids parallax problems from inaccurate application.
- 3. Hold a WRATTEN Gelatin Filter No. 25 (red) near your eye, and view the negative through the filter. Evaluate the areas to be retouched; if they appear lighter than the surrounding area, apply cyan dye by using the technique described in step 2.
- 4. View the negative without using a filter. If a retouched area appears slightly red or slightly cyan, add a very small amount of the opposite-colored dye until the area appears neutral.

After you've finished retouching and the negative is dry, sandwich the T400 CN negative with a piece of unexposed and processed D-min of another color negative film, such as KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA 160VC Film. Although you can print it onto color paper without the "extra D-min," this may make it easier to print on color paper.

For more information about retouching techniques, supplies, and equipment, see KODAK Publication E-71, *Retouching Color Negatives*.

^{*} The base side of a roll-film negative faces you when the edgeprinting reads correctly. The base side of a sheet-film negative faces you when the code notch is at the top left edge of the sheet.

PRINTING NEGATIVES

Printing on Color Papers and Display Materials

T400 CN Film is designed to deliver excellent black-and-white prints on either color or black-and-white photographic papers. When printing on color papers, you can also create special-effect tones, such as sepia, by changing the printer color balance.

KODAK PROFESSIONAL T400 CN Printer Balancing Kit is available to help photofinishers optimize a printer channel to print this film on color negative papers and display materials, so that it can be printed along with color negative films.

When working with a color enlarger, use a starting filter pack of 70M and 75Y, and make filter adjustments to balance the print to a desired tone.

You can make black-and-white transparencies by direct exposure onto KODAK PROFESSIONAL ENDURA Transparency or Clear Optical Display Material or VERICOLOR Slide Film.

Printing on KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Black-and-White Papers

You can make black-and-white prints by enlarging them on KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Black & White Paper and KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Sepia Black & White Paper. These papers offer the convenience of Process RA-4.

Printing on Black-and-White Papers

You can make black-and-white prints by enlarging them as you would any other black-and-white negative. You can use a graded paper, such as KODAK PROFESSIONAL KODABROME II RC or a selective-contrast paper, such as KODAK PROFESSIONAL POLYMAX Fine-Art Paper.

If you print on graded black-and-white papers, a normal exposure on this film will print well at grade 3.

When printing on selective-contrast papers with KODAK POLYMAX II Filters, a normally exposed negative will print well with a 3 or 3 1/2 filter. The light brown to orange color of the T400 CN Film base **does not** affect contrast control with POLYMAX II Filters.

IMAGE STRUCTURE

Sharpness: Extremely high

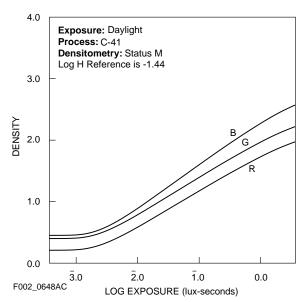
Degree of Enlargement: Extremely high

RMS Granularity: 9 (Extremely fine)

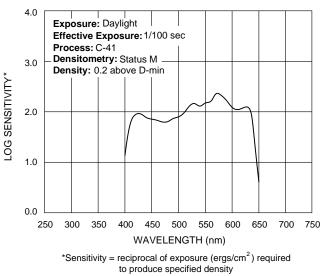
(Read at a net diffuse visual density of 1.00, with a 48-micrometre aperture.)

CURVES

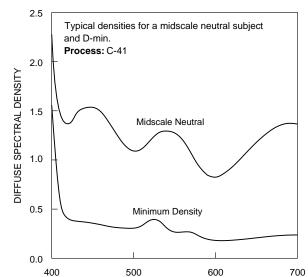
Characteristic Curve



Spectral-Sensitivity Curve







WAVELENGTH (nm)

Spectral-Dye-Density Curves

F002_0650AC

MORE INFORMATION

Kodak has many publications to assist you with information on Kodak products, equipment, and materials.

Additional information is available on the Kodak website. The following publications are available from Kodak

Customer Service, from dealers who sell Kodak products, or you can contact Kodak in your country for more information.

E-30	Storage and Care of KODAK Photographic Materials—Before and After Processing
E103BP	KODAK Professional Black-and White Papers Applications Chart
E-4020	KODAK PROFESSIONAL ULTRA ENDURA Paper
E-4021	KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA and SUPRA ENDURA Papers
E-4028	KODAK PROFESSIONAL ENDURA Metallic Paper
E-4030	KODAK PROFESSIONAL ENDURA Transparency and Clear Optical Display Materials
E-7009	KODAK ROYAL Generations Paper
E-7010	KODAK EDGE Generations Paper
G-24	KODAK POLYMAX Fine-Art Paper

- G-4006 KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Black & White Paper
- G-4019 KODAK PROFESSIONAL PORTRA Sepia Black & White Paper
- Z-131 KODAK FLEXICOLOR Chemicals

For the latest version of technical support publications for KODAK PROFESSIONAL Products, visit Kodak on-line at: http://www.kodak.com/go/professional If you have questions about KODAK PROFESSIONAL Products, call Kodak. In the U.S.A.: 1-800-242-2424, Ext. 19, Monday–Friday 9 a.m.–7 p.m. (Eastern time) In Canada: 1-800-465-6325, Monday–Friday 8 a.m.–5 p.m. (Eastern time)

Note: The Kodak materials described in this publication for use with KODAK PROFESSIONAL T400 CN Film are available from dealers who supply KODAK PROFESSIONAL Products. You can use other materials, but you may not obtain similar results.



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